

MAHARASHTRA NURSING COUNCIL, MUMBAI
EXAMINATION IN GENERAL NURSING AND MIDWIFERY
THIRD YEAR

MIDWIFERY AND GYNAECOLOGY—PAPER-I

TUESDAY, 8TH JANUARY 2019

[TIME : 2-00 P.M. TO 5-00 P.M.]

(TOTAL MARKS — 75)

1. The Candidate must write her / his Seat Number in **ENGLISH**.
2. Please note that the question paper set in **ENGLISH** version is final for any doubt in **MARATHI** Paper.

Marks

1. (a) Select the most appropriate words from the following and complete the statement :— (05)
 - (i) Pap's smear is taken to detect
 - (a) Prolapse uterus (b) PID
 - (c) Cancer of cervix (d) Painful mensus.
 - (ii) Average duration of the normal pregnancy is
 - (a) 28 weeks (b) 36 weeks
 - (c) 40 weeks (d) 42 weeks.
 - (iii) Vaginal bleeding between mensus is called as
 - (a) Metrorrhagia (b) Menorrhagia
 - (c) Ammenorrhoea (d) All of these.
 - (iv) Painless, causeless and recurrent bleeding occurs during 3rd trimester of pregnancy is due to
 - (a) Placenta abruptio (b) Placenta succenturiata
 - (c) Placenta praevia (d) None of these.
 - (v) The largest diameter of the total skull is present in
 - (a) Face presentation (b) Vertex presentation
 - (c) Brow presentation (d) None of these.

- (b) Match the following :— (05)

‘A’ Section

‘B’ Section

- | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| (i) Ammenorrhoea | (a) Missed abortion |
| (ii) Chloasma | (b) Acute abdominal pain |
| (iii) Coomb's test | (c) Pregnancy Mask |
| (iv) Ectopic pregnancy | (d) Presumptive sign of pregnancy. |
| (v) Brownish Vaginal discharge. | (e) Rh Negative Mother. |

[Turn over

- (c) State *true* or *false* :— (05)
- (i) Corpus luteum produces progesterone.
 - (ii) M.T.P. can be done up to 30 weeks of gestation.
 - (iii) Female pelvis is known as Gynaecoid pelvis
 - (iv) Injection Magnesium Sulphate is contraindicated in women with eclampsia.
 - (v) True Labour pain disappears when a simple enema is given.
2. Write short notes (any *three*) :— (15)
- (a) Partograph
 - (b) Antenatal advise
 - (c) Cord prolapse
 - (d) Episiotomy.
3. Answer the following questions :—
- (a) Write the definition and causes of anemia in pregnancy. (05)
 - (b) What is the preventive and curative management of anemia. (05)
 - (c) Write health advice about diet in pregnancy and complications to mother and fetus in anemia. (05)
4. Answer the following questions :—
- (a) Define fibroid uterus and causes of fibroid uterus. (05)
 - (b) Write the pre and post operative care of Hysterectomy. (05)
 - (c) Write health advice about post operative complications after Hysterectomy and the care to be taken. (05)
- OR**
- (a) Define pre eclampsia and signs and symptoms of pre eclampsia. (05)
 - (b) What are the complications and causes of pre eclampsia (05)
 - (c) Write the nursing management of pre eclampsia. (05)
5. Answer the following questions :—
- (a) Define normal labour and stages of normal labour. (02)
 - (b) Write the sign and symptoms of first stage of labour. (03)
 - (c) Write the events of first stage of labour. (05)
 - (d) Write the management of normal labour. (05)

महाराष्ट्र परिचर्या परिषद, मुंबई

जनरल नर्सिंग आणि मिडवायफरी परीक्षा
तृतीय वर्ष

मिडवायफरी आणि गायनाकोलॉजी-पेपर-१

मंगळवार, दिनांक ८ जानेवारी २०१९

[वेळ : दुपारी २-०० ते सायंकाळी ५-०० वाजेपर्यंत]

(एकूण गुण — ७५)

१. उमेदवाराने तिचा / त्याचा आसन क्रमांक इंग्रजीमध्ये लिहावा.
२. मराठी भाषेतील भाषांतरातील अडचणीसाठी इंग्रजी भाषेतील प्रश्नपत्रिका अंतिम राहिल.

- गुण
(०५)
१. (अ) योग्य शब्द निवडून वाक्य पूर्ण करा :-
- (१) पॅप्स स्मेअर च्या तपासणीकरिता घेतली जाते.
(अ) गर्भाशय लोंबकळणे (ब) पी.आय.डी.
(क) सर्द्विक्सचा कॅन्सर (ड) दुःखदायक मासिक पाळी.
- (२) सर्वसाधारण गर्भधारणेचा सरासरी कालावधी आहे.
(अ) २८ आठवडे (ब) ३६ आठवडे
(क) ४० आठवडे (ड) ४२ आठवडे.
- (३) दोन मासिक पाळीच्यामध्ये योनिमार्गातून होणा-या रक्तस्त्रावाला म्हणतात.
(अ) मेट्रोरेजिया (ब) मेनोरेजिया
(क) अमेनोरिया (ड) यापैकी सर्व.
- (४) मुळे गरोदरपणाच्या तिस-या तिमाहीत योनीमार्गातून वेदनारहित, कारणरहित व मधून मधून रक्तस्त्राव होतो.
(अ) अबरपशियो प्लासेंटा (ब) प्लासेंटा सक्सेव्युरिएटा
(क) प्लासेंटा प्रिव्हीया (ड) यापैकी एकही नाही.
- (५) गर्भमस्तकाचा सर्वात मोठा व्यास या दर्शनामध्ये आढळतो.
(अ) फेस प्रेझेंटेशन (ब) व्हर्टेक्स प्रेझेंटेशन
(क) ब्रो प्रेझेंटेशन (ड) यापैकी एकही नाही.
- (ब) योग्य जोड्या जुळवा :- (०५)
- ‘अ’ गट ‘ब’ गट
- (१) मासिक पाळी न येणे (अ) अघटीत गर्भपात
(२) क्लोएश्मा (ब) पोटात तीव्र वेदना
(३) कुम्बस टेस्ट (क) प्रेग्नेंसी मास्क
(४) एक्टोपीक गर्भधारणा (ड) गरोदरपणा सूचक लक्षणे
(५) ब्राऊनिश व्हजायनल डिस्चार्ज (इ) आर.एच. निगेटिव्ह आई.

[उलटून पहा]

- (c) State *true* or *false* :— (05)
- (i) Corpus luteum produces progesterone.
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